## The Rosetta Mission to Comet 67P

## Key Stage 3

Topics covered: Speed, distance and time, converting units, standard form, comets, spacecraft, solar system

Watch the video "The Rosetta Mission", https://vimeo.com/141524496


On $12^{\text {th }}$ November 2014 a lander called Philae detached from the ESA spacecraft Rosetta and landed on Comet 67P/Churyumov-Gerasimenko. At this point, Rosetta was 510 million km away from the Earth!

If you know how fast something is moving, $s$ (metres per second) and you know the distance that it has travelled, $d$ (metres) you can calculate how long it takes to cover that distance, t (seconds) by using equation 1.

$$
\begin{equation*}
t=\frac{d}{s} \tag{1}
\end{equation*}
$$

1. Convert $510,000,000 \mathrm{~km}$ into metres. This is your value for d . Write it in standard form.
2. The signal that Rosetta sent back to astronomers on Earth was travelling at $300,000,000 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$, the speed of light in a vacuum. Write this in standard form. This is your value for $s$.
3. Calculate the time it takes for the signal to get to the Earth in seconds. Convert this into minutes.

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1. $5.1 \times 10^{11} \mathrm{~m}$
2. $3 \times 10^{8} \mathrm{~m}$
3. $1700 \mathrm{~s}=28.3 \mathrm{mins}(28 \mathrm{mins} 20 \mathrm{~s})$
